


# The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1750

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23 1741

## INSTRUCTIONS to a MEMBER.

 INCE it is become fashionable to inform our Representatives of what we think deserves their Notice; and since you, Sir, have thought proper to intimate that we have a Right so to do, be pleased to observe, that some of us are not a little dissatisfied with your late Conduct, and cannot tell how to relish your endeavouring to give an Accusation by your Rhetorick, which it seems was altogether without Proof.

With great Concern, Sir, we see by the Papers you transmit to us Weekly, that so much Time is spent about Matters, which do not at all concern the Nation.

If once it comes to pass that such Assemblies continually perplexed by the Arts of ambitious Men strive to create Evils, that they may draw Ages to themselves by complaining of them, we have no other way to expect? We may be indeed sometimes in Wars abroad, but while this Spirit prevails we can have Peace at home. All Questions, be they ever so great, will be subject to Party, and be decided not as they are favourable to the Nation, but to the Faction which prevails.

Blush, Sir, for your late Attempt, of which we receive no otherwise, than as if you had vainly thought that a Power of talking was sufficient to have the highest Punishment upon an innocent Subject, which, tho' unsuccessful, was certainly a very great one. On which Side lies Corruption now? Is it as criminal to intend the Perfection of Justice by Oratory, as to practise upon Men's Honours any other way? In truth, Sir, we begin to think that some People are better acquainted with Intemperance than they would be thought to be. Neither can it be a Breach of Charity to suppose that Men who say any Thing to come at Power, would do any thing once invested therewith. For this Reason, as we value our Freedom, we pray God and the King they may.

cannot, Sir, be ignorant, that our Ancestors under deep and just Apprehensions of the Consequences which might attend the Interposition of the Prerogative in bar to Impeachments. At the same time the People received Satisfaction on this Head, tho' Justice is safe on the Side of the Crown, the Reason to fear she is not altogether out of the Reach of the Schemes of some People should be practicable; if Clamour alone should be thought Ground for an Accusation, the necessary Consequence must be, that every Ministry instead of studying the Interest of the Nation, must conform their Measures to the Humours of the People.

conclude, we conceive the Interest of the Nation due Care to be taken of the War, and a just regard for whatever regards the Publick Safety. We are very well satisfied with our Constitution, as it does not care for Alterations, tho' they should be with the fair Title of Amendments. We are as much attach'd as ever to the Protestant Succession and Protestant Interest. We thank God for the many Blessings we have enjoy'd under his present Majesty's Administration; and we think ourselves bound to express our Gratitude by all the affectionate Acts of our Power. These, Sir, are our Sentiments, and we hope you will think them worthy of being yours, if you would have any Hopes of future Favours; and dare assure you, that whatever Airs of Confidence you may have assumed, we will never concur in Strength to any Cabals against the Government, which protects us; nor will ever admit of that Distinction between King and Country, because we think their Interest, Friends and Enemies to be the same, and therefore whoever declares against one, we think true to neither.

Vienna, Nuremberg, and Ratisbon; of the 16th from Breslau; of the 20th from Dresden; of the 21st from Berlin and Hamburg; of the 22d from Mentz and Mannheim; of the 23d from Bruffels and Frankfort; of the 24th from Hanover and Calmar; of the 28th from the Hague; and of the 18th O.S. from Paris.

By Order of the Russian Court, Duke Anthony-Ulric of Brunswick-Lunenbourg, the Husband of the Great Duchess and Regent of Muscovy, is hereafter to have the Title of Imperial Highness.

The present Dyet of Sweden, as far as yet appears, trends in the Steps of the last, and there's the greatest Unanimity among the Nobility; the national Troops are already augmented to 80,000 Men; 'tis said the Government is in a Condition, if Need be, to reinforce the Army in Finland to 50 or 60,000; the Fleet also consists of 22 Men of War and 10 Frigates, in a very good Condition.

Above 6000 Gentlemen, particularly in Hungary, have offered to serve the Queen at their own Expence; and besides the extraordinary Tax which is imposed upon and cheerfully paid by People in good Circumstances, several Societies are furnishing her Majesty with considerable Sums by way of Free-gift. M. de Grave Agent of the Aulic Council having refused to quit his Character of Resident from the King of Prussia, is ordered to retire out of the Queen's Dominions. A Spanish Nobleman of the First Rank, who has resided several Years at Vienna and had a Pension from the Imperial Court, is committed Prisoner to the Castle of Neustadt, being accused of holding a dangerous Correspondence with the Court of Madrid. Search is also making after other suspicious Persons, and of these two Sicilian Marquisses have absconded.

The Elector-Palatine having in a Letter to the Elector of Mentz represented the Necessity of deferring the Dyet for electing an Emperor, the latter has sent the former the Copy of a Letter he has receiv'd from the Great Duke of Tuscany, with his Reasons for hastening the Election as absolutely necessary for the Peace and Welfare of the Empire. All the Ministers sent to the Dyet will pass some Time at Mentz, to inform the Elector of the Sentiments of their Courts with regard to the Candidates. 'Tis reported, that the King of Prussia has purchased of the King of Poland for 900,000 Florins the County of Mansfeldt, which lies in Thuringia and is about ten Leagues in Length and seven in Breadth.

The Deputies of the Magistrates of Breslau have given in their Reasons to the King of Prussia's Officers why they cannot pay him Homage. The Prussian Velt-Marshal de Schwerin has publish'd a Declaration on the Frontiers of Moravia to assure the Inhabitants that the King, having no other Intention than to protect them, hopes they will take great Care not to act against his Majesty or his Forces, for fear of what might follow if they should put him under a Necessity of treating them as Enemies.

The King of Prussia set out on the 8th O.S. at 3 o'Clock in the Morning, from Berlin for Silesia, with a numerous Retinue, preceded by his Horse and Foot Guards, and followed by two other Regiments and a Train of Field Artillery; the heavy Artillery and Ammunition being to be transported to Silesia by above 100 Boats; and several other Regiments only wait for Orders to follow. Before his Majesty went, he receiv'd an Express with Advice that the Major General de la Motte had made himself Master of the Town and Forts of Jablunka, which is the very Key of Silesia towards Hungary, after having permitted the Garrison to retire; and that 1500 Men of Austrian Troops having attack'd the Town of Fieder near Troppau, were repulsed by the Garrison consisting of 300 Men, and had about 60 Men killed besides the Wounded.

The Ambassadors whom the King of Great Britain as Elector of Hanover has nominated for the Dyet at Frankfort are the Baron de Munchausen his chief Minister for the Electorate, and M. de Hugo Director of the Chancery and his Minister at Ratisbon.

The Great Duke of Tuscany's Minister is still at Madrid, but does not go to Court. The King of Spain has lost two great Officers by the Death of the Marquis de Vallermole Lieut. Gen. of his Forces aged 76, and Don Ambrose Spinola Dean of the Council of Finances, &c. aged 80. He has permitted the Commerce at Cadiz to send five Register Ships for the West Indies, on condition they again pay the Duties of Exportation for the Goods they shall put on board, tho' the same were

paid before when they were embark'd on board the Gallies. However the Commerce are allow'd to put all manner of Goods on board without Exception; and for this purpose they have granted the King 40,000 Pieces of Eight.

The Court of Rome makes some Scruple to grant his Catholic Majesty the tenth Penny upon the Revenues of the Clergy throughout his Dominions. The Genoeze have forbid the Exportation of their Oil into foreign Countries under severe Penalties, by reason of its Scarcity. The Dearness of Corn has occasion'd great Tumults in the Ecclesiastical and Neapolitan States, and at Benevento the Mob assembled with Curfies on the Government and all its Adherents, and plundered the Houses of several Persons who they knew had not been Friends to Cardinal Coscia, saying they must and will have him again for their Archbishop, tho' 'tis known that at the Death of his Protector Benedict XIII, the Tide ran quite the other Way. The People at Rome have been very much edify'd by the Humility, Piety and Self-denial of the Pope, who when he ascended those called the Holy Stairs, crept up on his bare Knees, without making use of the Cushions that were laid for the purpose, and then celebrated Mass in the Chapel called Sanctum Sanctorum.

They talk very much at the Hague of some Overtures that have been made of an Accommodation between his Prussian Majesty and the Queen of Hungary, and that the chief Terms are, that the Queen shall yield some Lordships in Silesia to the King, who on that Condition is to oblige himself to support her Interests *totius viribus*.

The King of Prussia has renew'd those Assurances both at the Hague and London which he formerly gave touching the Security of the Repayment of the Capital borrowed by the House of Austria on the Mines of Silesia.

## FOREIGN PORTS.

*Elsecur, Feb. 21.* N. S. Since my last came in the Ships commanded by the following Masters, viz. On the 16th, Hail Hardewik, from Riga for Dublin; On the 20th, John Belfour, from Dantzick for London; William Clark, from Stockholm for Lynn; Richard Cole, from Ditto for Portsmouth; On the 21st, Alexander Dickie, from Norrkopen for London.

The said Masters are detained here, being at present quite Calm, and mild Weather. P. S. The Post is now going out, and the Wind begins to set in to the S. E. and blows fresh; if continues, the outward-bound will fail this Night, with a Danish Chinaman just now come down from Copenhagen.

*Hamburg, Feb. 24.* N. S. Up the Elbe is arrived the Hope, Duncker, the Johannes, Beckman, the Regina, Budde, and the Anna Catherins, Siemson, all from London.

## HOME PORTS.

*Portsmouth, Feb. 20.* Came in the Sarah, Holman, from Lisbon for Southampton. The Indiamen are getting under Sail. Wind N. N. E.

*Dover, Feb. 20.* The Fort St. George, Capt. Alton, for India, who past this Road the 13th instant, got as far as the Westward as the Berryhead, from whence she was drove by strong Westerly Winds as far as Hair Lee, where she was seen and spoke to on Wednesday the 18th instant, and then going away to the Westward, with the Wind at North. Arrived and came into this Pier, the Arabella, Crawford, from North Carolina for London; and the Prosperous, Clappett, from Oporto (last from the Downs.) Wind N. E. a strong Gale.

*Deal, Feb. 20.* Wind E. N. E. Remain in the Downs his Majesty's Ship Blast; with the Amelia, Higgins; and the Olive, both for Maryland; the Royal Exchange, Copythorn, for Venice; the Draper, Leach, for Dublin; the Bowes, Hunter, for Liverpool. Remains in Ramsgate Road, the George-William, Reed, for New-York.

*Deal, Feb. 21.* Wind N. E. Remains in the Downs his Majesty's Ship Blast. The George and William, Reed, for New-York, sailed Yesterday Afternoon from Ramsgate Road.

*Gravesend, Feb. 20.* Pass'd by the Sea-horse, Reddell, from Figueras; the Somerset, Holmes, from India; the Mercy, Wright, from Carolina; the Nancy, Alcock, and the Duke of Richmond, Greenaway, both from Rotterdam; and the St. John Baptista, from Leghorn.

L O N D O N



L O N D O N, February 23.

From the London Gazette.

*Whitehall, Feb. 20.* This Day arrived Letters from Sir Chaloner Ogle, dated at Dominica December 24, which give an Account, that on the 19th Sir Chaloner anchored with the Fleet in that Bay, where he was joyn'd by his Majesty's Ships the Rippon and York; which (with the Cumberland, Prince of Orange, Superb, Buckingham, Montagu, and the Princess Royal Hospital Ship) had been separated from him about 66 Leagues from the Lizard on the 1st of November last: And that he had received Advice from the Commander of one of the Store Ships put into Antigua, that he parted with the Montagu and several Transports on the 8th of December; and as the Transports, in case of Separation, were ordered to rendezvous at St. Christopher's, Sir Chaloner hoped they would all be safely arrived there. Sir Chaloner Ogle proposed to proceed on the 25th with the whole Fleet to Jamaica. The same Letters contain an Account of the Death of the Right Honourable Charles Lord Cathcart, General and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in the West Indies, which was occasioned by a Bloody Flux: He was taken ill on the 8th of December, and died on the 20th, the Day after the Fleet came to an Anchor at Dominica. He bore his Illness, which was very painful, with the greatest Patience and Resignation; and only seem'd to regret that he was deprived of an Opportunity of exerting his Zeal for the Service of his King and Country. His Loss is greatly lamented by the Officers and Soldiers under his Command. Upon his Lordship's Death the Command of His Majesty's Forces devolved upon Brigadier General Wentworth, which he has taken upon him accordingly.

By the Princess Augusta we have Advice from Barbados, that one or two Spanish Privateers having hover'd about that Island, and beside the Lancashire Witch, mention'd in our last, had taken a Square-stern'd Ship of about 240 Tons Burden, the Portland Man of War, Capt. Hawk, lying then in Carlisle-Bay upon the Caroon, and sitting out for a Cruise, put some of her Officers, and about 100 Men, into the most warlike Sloop in the Bay, and sent her with the utmost Expedition in quest of the Spanish Cruizers.

On Friday last came on a Hearing before the Barons of the Exchequer of a Cause that hath been long depending, wherein his Majesty is Plaintiff by an Information filed in the Name of the Attorney General against one Walker, who prints and publishes unstamped News Papers, for some thousands of Pounds which is due to the Crown for the Duties of Stamps and Advertisements of Penny Journals, Halfpenny Posts, Farthing Posts, and other unstamped Papers, which hath not been paid; and we hear unless the Money is paid to the Commissioners of Stamps, an Extent will be issued against the Defendant's Body and Goods for the said Duties; and we likewise are informed the Commissioners of the Stamps are determined to prosecute all those Farthing Posts Printers, notwithstanding they shelter themselves in the Rules of the Fleet Prison.

They write from Lyme-Regis in Dorsetshire, that upon hearing what happen'd in both Houses last Friday was Se'nnight, the Mayor invited the Corporation, Clergy, and other principal Inhabitants, to an elegant Entertainment, where they drank the Healths of the Royal Family, Sir Robert Walpole, their worthy Representatives, and the glorious 89 and 290, with other loyal Healths, and the Evening concluded with Bonfires, Illuminations, and other Demonstrations of Joy.

On Saturday last the Liverpools, of 40 Guns, was put into Commission, and the Command given to the Lord Bamff.

The same Day died at his House in the Borough of Southwark Mr. Hulme, an eminent Grocer.

Circuits appointed for the following Counties in Wales.

Richard Carter, Esq;

Henry Proctor, Esq;

Glamorganshire, Saturday March 28, at Cardiff.

Brecknock, Friday, April 3, at Brecon.

Radnor, Thursday ditto 9, at Presteign.

We hear from Cambridge, that the Master and Fellows of St. Peter's College had lately presented the Rev. Mr. Birket, Senior Fellow of that College, to the Living of Thurstaston in Leicestershire, worth 300 l. per Ann. void by the Death of the Rev. Dr. Clarkson.

That the Rev. Mr. Wrigley is chosen President of St. John's, in the room of Dr. Williams, who has resign'd. And,

That the Rev. Mr. Bringham, Fellow of Queen's College, was lately nominated to the Living of St. Sepulchre's of that Town.

Yesterday the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Nor-

wich ordained 7 Priests and 8 Deacons, at Ely Chapel in Holborn.

#### BANKRUPTS.

James Bradly and Edward Griffin, of Fenchurch-street, London, Merchants and Partners.

Thomas Arnold, of the Parish of St. Dunstan in the West, London, Grocer.

Joseph Wrigglesworth, of Holborn in Middlesex, Innholder and Dealer in Wines.

James Hoghton, of Little St. Martin's-Lane in Middlesex, Victualler.

Joseph Hawkrigge, of Rye in Sussex, Shopkeeper and Chapman.

Thomas Taylor, of Reading in Berks, Mealman and Dealer in Tea.

Robert Rust, late of North Elmham in Norfolk, Tanner.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	04 10	04 24

Bank Stock 141 1-4th. India 156 1-4th. South Sea 101 1-4th. Old Annuity 111 5-8ths to 3-4ths. New ditto 109 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 99 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan 96 to 95 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto 73 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 89 1-half. London Assurance 111 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 4 l. 4 s. to 5 s. Premium. Bank Circulation 3 l. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 3 l. 10 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 94 3-4ths. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 111.

Excise-Office, London, Feb. 19, 1740.

By Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of Excise, &c.

ON Thursday the 26th Instant, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be exposed to Sale in their Court Room in the Old Jewry, Several Parcels of Condemn'd Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, &c.

Printed Allotments of the Particulars thereof will be delivered at the said Office on Monday Morning; and the Goods may be viewed there, and at the Warehouse near the Custom-House on the said Monday, and on Wednesday preceding the Day of Sale, from Nine in the Morning to Twelve at Noon, and from Two to Five in the Afternoon; also on the Day of Sale in the Forenoon.

This Day is published,

Beautifully printed in two Volumes, Folio, (Price 2 l. 5 s.)

AN Abridgment of the Publick Statutes in Force and Use, from Magna Charta, in the 9th Year of King Henry III. to the 15th Year of his present Majesty inclusive.

By JOHN CAY, Esq;

And are to be sold at the King's Printing-Office in Black Fryars; and by Francis Golling, at the Crown and Mitre against Fetter-Lane in Fleet-Street.

Where may be had,

The Corrections made since the Publication. Also The 7th, 8th and 9th Volumes of the 8th Abridgment, to compleat Sets.

This Day is Published,

[ Price 27 s. in 8 sheets ]

(From the Originals, never before printed)

THE

Negotiations of Sir THOMAS ROE,

IN HIS

EMBASSY to the OTTOMAN PORTE,

FROM

The Year 1621, to 1628, inclusive.

Completing his said EMBASSY, and

containing,

A great Variety of Curious and Important Matters, relating not only to the Affairs of the TURKISH Empire, but also to Those of the OTHER STATES of EUROPE, in that Period. His Correspondences with the most illustrious Persons, for Dignity or Character; as with the Queen of Bohemia, Bethlem Gabor Prince of Transylvania, and other Potentates of different Nations, &c.

And many Useful and Instructive Particulars, as well in relation to TRADE and COMMERCE, as to Subjects of LITERATURE; as Ancient Manuscripts, Coins, Inscriptions, and other Antiquities.

Printed at the Expence of the Society for Encouragement of Learning;

And sold by G. Strahan in Cornhill, C. Rivington in St. Paul's Church-yard, P. Vaillant in the Strand, J. Brindley in New Bond-street, S. Baker in Russell-street Covent garden, and J. Osborn junior in Pater-noster-row, Booksellers to the said Society.

This Day is published,

#### THE POLITICAL STATE of Great Britain

for the Month of DECEMBER, 1740. Containing, among many other Particulars, the following Foreign Affairs.

Haughty Proceedings of the Duke of Courland in Russia. King of Prussia marches his Forces into Silesia. Removal of the Duke of Courland from his Regency. King of Prussia has further Designs than taking possession of Silesia.

Great Damage done by the River Tyber's overflowing likewise by the Arno, which last amounts to about 1000 Roman Crowns.

King of Prussia's Instructions to his Ministers at the Courts.

Crown of Spain claims a Right to all the late Portuguese Dominions.

King of Prussia's Instructions to Count Gotter.

Queen of Hungary's Answer to the King of Prussia's Instructions.

A Letter to his Britannick Majesty from the Queen of Sardinia.

The ROYAL-EXCHANGE INTELLIGENCE, &c.

Reply to the Reverend Mr. Bowman's Letter.

Another Letter of Mr. Bowman's, which complements yet published by, for, and against Mr. Whitefield.

All Europe put themselves upon their Guard against Enterprizes of France.

Dutch Vessel taken by a Spanish Privateer, and carried to Port Spezza loaded with Arms and Ammunition.

Great Fire at Charles Town in South Carolina.

An Extract of the Report of Capt. Peter Tonn, Commander of his Majesty's Sloop the Saltash, who was sent by his Majesty to get Intelligence of the French Men of War at sea.

Capt. Jenkins on board the Harrington with three Ships fight Angria's Fleet.

Most barbarous Murder committed on Sir John Goodier, by his Brother Samuel Goodier, Commander of the Ruby Man of War.

City of London's Address to the Prince and Princess of Wales, with their respective Answers.

Printed for T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

Price 1 s. 6 d. Where may be had any of the Numbers.

N. B. This Month compleats the Political State of Great Britain for the Year 1740.

In which are contained great Variety of Letters upon National Politics, Personal Politics, &c. of the War, Plantation News, and an exact Relation of the Revolution begun in Persia in the Year 1722, and continued to this Time; being in no other Tract but this.



# ST CHARACTER of a NOTORIOUS MALECONTENT. By N. H. Esq.



HIS Man is neither well full nor falling; and though he abounds with Complaints, he dislikes nothing but the present; for what he condemn'd while it was, once past, he magnifies and strives to recal it out of the Jaws of Time: What he hath he sees not, his Eyes and Thoughts are so with what he wants; what he sees he dislikes, he wants what is not, and we hope never will his Friend carve him the best Morsel, he murder would cut for himself; it is hard to please in a proportionable Gift. Every Blessing he has and dislikes; tells you Religion nicely serves which he makes Lawless; is always head and self-will'd, not tied to Esteem, or to proportion to Reason; most Things good he like to gratify his Will, but more to manage a and rather than not censure, will accuse Men of honour and Virtue; every Thing he meddles finds imperfect or leaves it so, nor does any sound so harsh as the bare Mention of Men of and Probity: If but a small Shower crosseth his he is ready to fall out with Heaven, and whe- rains or shines, and tho' the Wind blows where he knows who to blame without the Assistance of anack-Writers. He's a Slave to Envy, and flesh with fretting, not so much at his own In- as at others Good, and cannot enjoy his own while others prosper. Fain would he see some, but dares not appear openly to animate them, than with his lawless Pen he walks thro' the Paths of conceited Alterations, but strives to every Man before him against the Time of Acting, but Fear keeps him from Conspiracies. He is a but Satires and Libels, and lodgeth no in his Heart but Rebels. The Incontinent and well in their Felicity, which both place in Finally, he is such a quarrelsome Cur, that he can piss without his barking. In the deep of the Night the very Moonshine opens his Mouth. He is the Wheel of a well-couch'd, that flies out at all Sides not without scorch- Most honest Britons are weary of him; give him little Respite, and he will die of no other Disease Success of our Fleet.

Shortly will be publish'd, Patriots Caps by Beverd's Hatter.

Yesterday arriv'd a Dutch Mail, with Letters of the 27th ult. O. S. from Naples; of the 31st from Genoa, Florence and Leghorn; of the 29th from Petersburg; of the 3d inst. from Turin; of the 7th from Milan and Stockholm; of the 7th from Munich, and Venice; of the 9th from Port Louis; of the 11th from Copenhagen; of the 11th from Dresden; of the 14th from Hambourg and Ratisbon; of the 14th from Berlin and Metz; of the 17th from Cologne; of the 17th from Utrecht; and of the 20th from the

King of Spain has ordered a List to be made of persons taken on board the English Ships and carried to his Ports, that a Cartel may be settled for their release with the Spanish Prisoners. He has imposed a Punishment on the Governor of Porto Bello of seven Years Imprisonment.

Order of the French Court there are three Men of 800 Tuns fitting out at Port Lewis, two of 450, and one of 150, which are to be joined by two Men fitting out at Brest, one of 70 Guns, the other of 50.

The general Opinion is that they are design'd to assist the Portuguese there against the In- but certain it is that they are to go for the East Company which trades thither having re- send this Year two Ships to China, one to Ben- see to the Isle of Bourbon, and two to Ponti-

confirm'd that four Men of War are sail'd from where 'tis also said others are fitting out. The Russian Court is going to publish a Manifesto giving a History of the quondam Duke of Cour- from his Advancement to his Disgrace.

The Danes are augmenting their Forces by adding 8 Men to every Company of Foot and 10 to every Troop of Horse. The 25 Men that were broke out of the two Regiments of Guards are to be replaced. The Artillery Company is to be augmented with 62 Men; and 'tis said there is to be an Equipment of 6 Men of War.

The Prince de Lichtenstein is return'd to Vienna from his Embassy at Paris, and has had an Audience of the Queen, who seems satisfy'd with his Negotiations. Notwithstanding the Efforts of the Court of Vienna for accelerating the Election of an Emperor, most of the Electors insist on its being put off two Months longer; and the Electors of Saxony, Brandenburg, Cologne, Bavaria and Palatine still persist in refusing the Queen of Hungary her Voice for Bohemia.

The Press for Soldiers continues throughout the Dominions of the King of Prussia, who 'tis said is resolv'd to form an Army of 30 or 40,000 in the Neighbourhood of Magdebourg, besides the Body which is assembling in the Duchy of Crossen, the better to maintain himself in Silesia.

'Tis said the English Consul at Leghorn is gone to Florence to settle the Magazines that are to be erected there for the Subsistence of an English Squadron shortly expected there. The Duchess of Modena is delivered of a Princess, and the Queen of Hungary has not above two or three Weeks to reckon.

The Elector of Bavaria has resolv'd to augment his Cavalry, and Drums are beating in the Imperial Towns in the Neighbourhood to recruit and complete his Infantry, so that 'tis reckon'd by next Spring he will have an Army of 25000 Men, but how or where they are to act is not known, an Accommodation being said to be on foot between the two Courts, tho' their Correspondence seem'd to be at a stand since the Return of the Bavarian Ministers from Vienna.

The new Converts in France are by a fresh Declaration from the King prohibited to sell their Estates within three Years from the 1st of March next O. S.

The Peasants about Rome having been hinder'd by the Inundation of the Tyber from cultivating their Lands, enter'd the City in Multitudes, and went to the very Palace of the Pope, crying aloud for Bread, so that the Bakers were forc'd to shut up their Shops; notwithstanding which they were in danger of being plunder'd, if the Pope had not given Direction for the poor Wretches to repair to St. Peter's, where they had Bread distributed to them.

An Earthquake was lately felt at Naples and Genoa, which frighten'd the Inhabitants, but did them no great Damage. Corn and Oil are very dear at Genoa, especially the latter, which is risen to 60 Livres a Barrel; owing as 'tis said to the prodigious Quantity lately carry'd out of the Country, so that there's none of last Year's Produce left: And this is suppos'd to be the Reason why a Proclamation has been publish'd, to hinder its Exportation to Foreign Countries.

The Baron de Jaxheim is going Envoy from the Court of Vienna, with some Commissions to Hanover and the Hague. The Army of the Empire propos'd by the King of Great Britain, as Elector of Hanover, and approv'd by all the Princes of the Circle of Lower Saxony, will soon be ready to join and form a Camp at Eichsfeldt, to observe the Conduct of the Foreign Princes during the Election of an Emperor. 'Twill be call'd the Army of Neutrality, will consist of 40000 Men, including 10000 Hanoverians, 8000 Danes, and 6000 Hessians, besides Dutch, and is to be commanded, as they say, by Prince William of Hesse-Cassel, who is in the Service of Holland.

The Spanish Nobleman arrested at Vienna appears to be the Duke d'Uzeda, who formerly had a Pension from that Court of 15000 Florins. The Queen sent 30 of the Guards with a Captain to apprehend him, and his Papers are all seiz'd and carry'd to Court. The Marquis de Pacheco has also been apprehended there, and committed Prisoner to Neustadt, for holding, 'tis said, an unlawful Correspondence with Spain. Many more Persons are taken into Custody, the Names unknown, only 'tis said 11 of 'em are Men of Consequence, and one of them a Spanish Officer of the Regiment of Lorraine: And all possible Search is making after another Person in the Conspiracy, if not at the Head of it, who was very conversant with a great many considerable Families of that City, sometimes in the Dress of an Abbe, and at other times in a Lay-Habit.

The Imperial General Browne is fortifying Freudenthal, which may be reckon'd the Key of Moravia,

while the Prussian General Schwerin has shut himself up in Troppau, and other neighbouring Towns, till the Return of his Sovereign with a Reinforcement of fresh Troops.

## HOME PORTS.

*Falmouth, Feb. 19.* Since my last arrived the Phenix, of this Place, Oake, from N. Carolina; 'he sail'd the 5th of January last in Company with the Arabella, Crawford, for London; the Hakin, Wadin, for Bristol; and the Clement, Vine, for Liverpool; they parted Company that Night in bad Weather; he also spoke with the Two Brothers of Guernsey in Latitude 38:00, 40 Leagues to the Eastward of N. Carolina, bound to Charles-town, all well on board. Yesterday sail'd the King George Packet, —, for Lisbon, with all the Outward-bound.

*Plymouth, Feb. 20.* Just now came in the Woodford, —, of and for London; the Barnard, —, from Maryland. The Kingston, Mary Galley and Panther are here. The Hound Sloop of War is come in from a Cruise. All the Outward-bound sail'd Yesterday to the Westward. Wind N. E.

*Dartmouth, Feb. 20.* On the 18th sail'd the Sally, Cole, of and from London, for Oporto; the Happy Return, French, for Barbados; the George, Teague, for Lisbon, both of and from this Place; the Francis and Ann, Gothram, of and from London for Antigua; the Sea-horse, Laparade, of and for Bayonne from Amsterdam; the St. Hubert, Grinne, of Nants from London for Oporto. This Day came into our Road and remains, the Algarve, Olding, of and from London for Faro. Wind E. N. E.

*Poole, Feb. 21.* Sail'd the Prince of Orange, Gleed, for South Carolina; the Friends Adventure, Vallis, for Bristol; the Unity, Thompson, the Robert and Jane, Martin, the Bennet and Martin, Martin, the Martin, Martin, and the Jane, Shank, for Concall. Came in the Coronation, Thomas, from Newcastle. Wind N. East.

*Cowes, Feb. 21.* On the 18th came in the Industry, Cobb, from Lynn for Oporto, and the Cordelia Tender, Boslom, from Spithead: On the 19th came in the Duke of Cornwall, Cocart, (belonging to the Customs) for London, and sail'd for the Eastward this Morning. Sail'd the Friendship, Hedderwick, from Southampton, the Industry, Cobb, from Lynn, both for Oporto; the Mary and Ann, Webber, from S. Carolina for London. Wind N. E.

*Portsmouth, Feb. 22.* Yesterday the Hon. Edward Vernon, Esq; and Commander in chief of his Majesty's maritime Forces in America, was unanimously chosen our Representative in Parliament, in the room of Admiral Stewart deceased.

On Friday Afternoon sail'd with the Wind at N. E. blowing very fresh, and still continues, the King William, Saunders, the Nassau, Jackson, the Prince of Orange, Hudson, the Royal George, —, the Onslow, Balchen, the London, Bootle, and the Beaufort, Stevens, all for East India.

*Dover, Feb. 22.* Wind E. N. E. Nothing arriv'd or sail'd.

*Deal, Feb. 22.* Wind E. Remains the Blast Man of War.

*Gravesend, Feb. 22.* Pass'd by the Lady Ann, Vink, and the Mary, Barns, from Amsterdam; the Susanna and Sarah, Belfour, from Dantzick; the Morning Star, Bostlemore, from Helvoetsluys.

## Arrived at several Ports.

At Haverfordwest, the Fame, Frank, from Montserrat.

At Montserrat, the John and Henry, West, from London.

At Nevis, the Prime Minister, West, from ditto.

At Falmouth, the Somerset, Hinds, from Oporto.

At Penzance, the Isabel, Stafford, from Madeira.

At Madeira, the Georgia Packet, Thompson, and the Rapahannock, Wilcox, from London, and the Ann, Vernon, from Boston.

At Carolina, the St. Lawrence, Shagnessie, from Bristol.

At Newcastle, the Industry, Harris, from London.

At Amsterdam, the George and William, Brown, from Carolina.

At Rouen, the Jange Snip, Wiebe Peters, from Hull.

At Nants, the Salamander, —, from Hispaniola.

## L O N D O N, February 24.

The Leganea, Anguin, from London for Jamaica, was well at Montserrat the 26th of December.



The Vernon, Redmond, was to sail from Montserrat for London the latter End of January.

*Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman on Board the Fleet under the Command of Sir Chaloner Ogle, dated from Prince Rupert's Bay in Dominica, Dec. 24, 1740.*

"I expected when I came in here, to have had a good deal of Pleasure in advising of the Progress of our Voyage from England hither; but alas our Hopes have been sadly damp'd by the Death of Lord Cathcart, which happened the 20th instant, at 9 o Clock in the Morning, of a Bloody Flux, which all the Skill of Dr. Martin could never once remedy in 14 Days, the Time my Lord suffered under the Disease."

"General Wentworth (who has succeeded in the Command) appears to be qualified for the same, and full of Zeal for the Honour of his Country, and the Success of our Expedition, which I pray God may turn out to the Satisfaction of all true Britons, and to the lasting Benefit of the Nation; whereof I am not without rationally grounded Expectation, especially when we find that neither the French nor Spanish Squadrons once presumed to meddle with any of our Islands: And tho' we have no certain Account of their Number or Strength, yet putting together the different Things we have heard from different People here, we judge there are about 13 French of the Line and 10 Spanish, who we hear are gone to Carthagena; two of the French who have lost their Masts are now at Martinico, and the rest gone to Hispaniola. We hear that Mr. Vernon is lying in Jamaica waiting for us, and that the North Americans sailed from the Capes of Virginia for that Island in October, to the Number of 5000. You must know that we failed from St. Helen's October 26, and had a prosperous Voyage till November 1, in Lat. 46:30 we met with a great Storm, which lasted about 24 Hours, in which many of our Fleet, particularly the large Men of War were very hard put to it: The worst was, that by not hearing or seeing the Admiral's Signals, in the Night the Half of the Fleet were parted from the rest and the Admiral. However, several of them joined us in the Passage hither. In short, we arrived here with 19 Men of War of the Line, and about two thirds of our Transports, besides Fireships; and two Days ago we had certain Advice by the Saltash Sloop, that the Montagu Man of War and 19 of our Fleet were waiting for us at St. Kitt's, and several Transports dropping in daily; from which we judge all our missing Ships are there, only the Cumberland, Buckingham, and Superbe, having lost their Masts in the Storm, we judge they have put for Lisbon, or something worse has happened to them. There are here with us of our Friends, the Oxford, Capt. Burnett, the St. Elizabeth, Capt. Campbell, the Caesar, Capt. Wood, the Monmouth, Capt. Pettegrew, and the Brothers, Capt. Montgomery: Missing, or at St. Kitt's, the Lynn, Capt. Cathcart, the Buchanan, Capt. Crawford, and the Ann Pink, Capt. Clark; but we have no Reason to doubt of their being all safe and well, and be in a Readiness to weigh and join us as we pass along. The Admiral three Days ago sent them Capt. Cleland in the Litchfield Man of War. You will probably hear of these Things more at large when we come to St. Kitt's; but I could not allow myself to miss this Occasion, Via Antigua. We sail for Jamaica the 27th instant. We compute our dead Soldiers at about 3 to each Company, and our Seamen much in the same Proportion. We have a good many sick, but nothing extraordinary. Among the Officers that are dead, are Capt. Aulin of Robinson's, and Lieut. Bridgeman of the same, and none else."

"P. S. The Night our General died, he was in-balmed, and buried in the Ballast in the Hold of the Torbay Man of War, and is intended to be sent into his own Country, to be interred there."

Edward Edgeworth, Esq; who was taken up last June at Dublin, on a Charge of High Treason, is discharged by the Court of King's Bench there for want of Proof.

Yesterday the Drake and the Sea fire were put into Commission, and the Commands given to Captains Ellis and Hamilton.

The same Day the great Cause which has been depending near Ten Years between Mr. Justice Fortescue Aland and John Dormer, Esq; was determin'd by the House of Peers in favour of the latter.

On Sunday Night last dy'd at his House in Streaton-ground, Westminster, John White, Esq; Coroner for the said City and Liberty.

*Thurs. Feb. 21.* As soon as we received the agreeable Account of the Debates in Parliament on Friday the 13th instant, all the Gentlemen of this Town in the true Interest of their Country assembled together, and having ordered the Bells to ring, drank the Health of his Majesty, the Lord Chancellor, Lord Wilmington,

Dukes of Dorset, Devonshire, and Marlborough, Lord Weymouth, Lord John Sackville, Sir Robert Walpole, Mr. Baron Abney, and the Majority in both Houses of Parliament. The Bells continued ringing one whole Day and two Nights, and all the Inhabitants (except some very few, in the Pretender's Interest) shew'd the sincerest Joy.

High Water this Day	2	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	5	04 39	04 55

Bank Stock Nothing done. India 156. South Sea 101 to 100 3-4ths. Old Annuity 111 3-4ths to 7-8ths. New ditto 109 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. 99 1-4th. Seven per Cent. Loan 96. Five per Cent ditto 73 3-4ths to 74. Royal Assurance 89 3-4ths. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 41. 4 s. to 5 s. Premium. Bank Circulation 31. 17 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Talties 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 15 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 102 1-4th. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 111.

Lottery-Office, Dec. 23, 1740.

**T**HE Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge Lottery, Anno 1739, and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, finding that notwithstanding the several Notices by them given for bringing in Tickets to be entered, great Numbers are yet out standing, do give this further Notice, That the 15th Day of March next is the last Day appointed by Act of Parliament for taking in Tickets and delivering out Certificates; and for this Purpose, daily Attendance will be continued to be given at their Office near the Exchequer.

Lottery-Office, February 16, 1740.

**T**HE Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament, to take in the Fortunate Tickets of the Bridge Lottery Anno 1740, and to deliver out Certificates for and in Lieu thereof, payable by the Cashiers appointed by the Bank for the said Lottery, according to the Directions of the said Act in that Behalf, do hereby give Notice, That they will begin to take in and enter for Certificates the said Fortunate Tickets, at their Office near the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, on Monday the Second of March next, and so from Day to Day (Sundays and Holidays excepted) from Ten in the Forenoon till Two in the Afternoon each Day. And to the end that the Persons entitled to the said Fortunate Tickets may have Dispatch, the said Managers will take in and enter the said Tickets at Two different Seats; that is to say, The Fortunate Tickets from Number 1 to 36000 at the first Seat mark'd Letter A; the Fortunate Tickets from Number 36001 to 65000 at the second Seat mark'd Letter B: The Persons therefore possess'd of the said Fortunate Tickets are desired with their Tickets to bring Lists thereof, made out as near as may be in Numerical Order, and adapted to each of the said Seats; and at the Bottom of such Lists to write the Christian and Surnames, and other proper Descriptions of the Persons to be named in the Certificates, as Proprietors of the said Tickets

At Cookson and Jeffreys's Crown-glass Warehouse, the Great House, Mr. Champion's, Timber-Merchant, at Black-Fryars-Stairs, or at Thomas Jeffreys's and Co. on Snow-hill, London,

**D**aily Attendance is given for the Sale of CROWN GLASS, where all Dealers may depend on their being well serv'd with a good Commodity, and on the most reasonable Terms.

N. B. Traders who live in or near Sea-port Towns, that trade to Newcastle upon Tyne, are desir'd to send their Orders to John Cookson, Merchant, there, who will take particular Care to send them as order'd.

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